### §73.1070

from annatto seed. The requirements of  $\S70.25(a)$  of this chapter that all ingredients shall be listed by name shall not be construed as requiring the declaration of residues of solvents listed in  $\S73.30(a)(1)(ii)$  of this chapter.

(d) Exemption from certification. Certification of this color additive is not necessary for the protection of the public health and therefore batches thereof are evempt from the certification requirements of section 721(c) of the act.

[42 FR 15643, Mar. 22, 1977, as amended at 42 FR 36994, July 19, 1977]

#### § 73.1070 Calcium carbonate.

- (a) *Identity*. (1) The color additive calcium carbonate is a fine, white, synthetically prepared powder consisting essentially of precipitated calcium carbonate  $(CaCO_3)$ .
- (2) Color additive mixtures for drug use made with calcium carbonate may contain only those diluents listed in this subpart as safe and suitable for use in color additive mixtures for coloring drugs.
- (b) Specifications. Calcium carbonate shall meet the specifications for precipitated calcium carbonate in the United States Pharmacopeia XX (1980).
- (c) Uses and restrictions. Calcium carbonate may be safely used in amounts consistent with good manudacturing practice to color drugs generally.
- (d) Labeling requirements. The label of the color additive and of any mixtures prepared therefrom intended solely or in part for coloring purposes shall conform to the requirements of §70.25 of this chapter.
- (e) Exemption from certification. Certification of this color additive is not necessary for the protection of the public health, and therefore batches thereof are exempt from the certification requirements of section 721(c) of the act.

 $[42\ FR\ 15643,\ Mar.\ 22,\ 1977,\ as\ amended\ at\ 49\ FR\ 10089,\ Mar.\ 19,\ 1984]$ 

## §73.1075 Canthaxanthin.

- (a) *Identity and specifications*. (1) The color additive canthaxanthin shall conform in identity and specifications to the requirements of §73.75(a)(1) and (b).
- (2) Color additive mixtures for ingested drug use made with canthaxanthin may contain only those

diluents that are suitable and that are listed in this subpart as safe in color additive mixtures for coloring ingested drugs.

- (b) Uses and restrictions. Canthaxanthin may be safely used for coloring ingested drugs generally in amounts consistent with good manufacturing practice.
- (c) Labeling requirements. The label of the color additive and of any mixtures prepared therefrom intended solely or in part for coloring purposes shall conform to the requirements of §70.25 of this chapter.
- (d) Exemption from certification. Certification of this color additive is not necessary for the protection of the public health, and therefore batches thereof are exempt from the certification requirements of section 721(c) of the act.

## § 73.1085 Caramel.

- (a) Identity and specifications. (1) The color additive caramel shall conform in identity and specifications to the requirements of §73.85(a) (1), (2), and (3) and (b).
- (2) The diluents in color additive mixtures for drug use containing caramel shall be limited to those listed in this subpart as safe and suitable in color additive mixtures for coloring drugs.
- (b) Uses and restrictions. Caramel may be used for coloring ingested and topically applied drugs generally in amounts consistent with good manufacturing practice.
- (c) Exemption from certification. Certification of this color additive is not necessary for the protection of the public health and therefore batches thereof are exempt from the certification requirement of section 721(c) of the act.

# $\S 73.1095$ $\beta$ -Carotene.

- (a) Identity and specifications. (1) The color additive  $\beta$ -carotene shall conform in identity and specifications to the requirements of  $\S73.95(a)(1)$  and (b).
- (2) The diluents in color additive mixtures for drug use containing  $\beta$ -carotene are limited to those listed in this subpart as safe and suitable in color additive mixtures for coloring ingested drugs.
- (b) Uses and restrictions. The color additive  $\beta$ -carotene may be safely used in